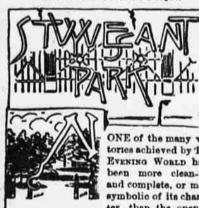
ed the journalistic youngster at its They have taken it into their confidence. They have patted it approvingly on the back in its aggressive work against evil and for the public weal. They have supported it right loyally when bull-headed officialism, red tape charity, corrupt cabals, polists and trust kings behind their bulwarks have scoffed openly at its attacks while secretly they trembled. And when the schieved the people have said "Bravo" with generous emphasis.

And if you seen the record closely you will note one significant thing. As a result of this hearty popular support THE EVENING taken to Gov. Hill, when the people's case World has never failed in anything it has attempted. It fought the Half-Holiday Repeal bill, and it was defeated. It said Stuvvesant Park must be opened, and it was opened. It said Josie Shephard, the exiled orphan, must be returned to his friends, and he has been "called back." It raided the policy dealers, and five of them were convicted. It started a fund for the Giants' Testimonial Bats, and they have been presented. It originated and urged the free lectures for workingmen, and they are at Nothing succeeds like success."

And its menu will be greater in the future than in the past, because with increased facilities and increased circulation it will be a still better newspaper, an even more entertaining evening companion, and work ever more vigorously and successfully for the publie welfare.

THE GATES THROWN OPEN.

How, After Thirty Years, Stuyvesant Park



ONE of the many victories achieved by THE EVENING WORLD have been more clean-cut and complete, or more

symbolic of its charac ter, than the opening of the gates of Stuy vesant Park. For over thirty years this beautiful cases of green or the east side had been practically the rich

man's preserve. Promptly at sundown for a generation the people had been ejected from the gates. The toilers were deprived of the park at the only time of day when they were at leisure to enjoy it, and this simply to suit the exclusive whims of the few aristocrate who live in the immediate neighborhood. By this long-standing custom the tradition

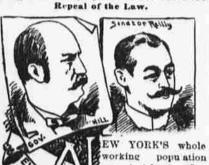
had grown up that Stuyvesant Park was semi-private property, and that the public should be grateful that it was allowed to enter it at any time. THE EVENING WORLT was the first to discover that the park was purely public domain, and not the rich man's front door yard. On July 20 it published in full the deed of good old Peter Stuyvesant, ceding the land to the people to be mainained forever as a Public Square. It thereupon demanded that the sunset sign be torn down and the gates immediately opened to the public. "Render unto the people the things that are the people's," was its watchword. It called a public indignation meeting in Stuyvesant Hall on July 25, and stirring resolutions were passed demanding prompt action by the authorities. The worl of THE EVENING WORLD was thus officially recognized by the assembled citizens:

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting and of the citizens of this district be returned to the Evex. ING WORLD for its discovery of the injustice done to the people, and for its persistence and sincere agitation of the subject, and that a duly certified copy of these resolutions be presented to said EVENING WORLD. A resolution in behalf of the opening was

then drawn up and passed by the Board of Aldermen, July 31, at the instance of Ten EVENING WOBLD. In addition to this, blank petitions were printed and circulated and thousands upon thousands of signatures obtained. Step by step the good cause was resolutely fought, until on Aug. 28, the Park Commissioners unanimously ordered the opening of the park in the evening. Electric lights were promptly placed in the park, and on the evening of Sept. 1, it was thrown open to the public for the first time in over thirty years. And it will remain open for the benefit of the generations that are to be.

FIGHTING FOR THE HALF HOLIDAY.

A Vigorous Campaigo That Prevented the Repeal of the Law.



can testify to THE EVENING WORLD'S efforts in retaining for them the Saturday Half - Hol day, This was a great fight and the victory was most signal. On April 30,

1887, a law was passed

making Saturday afternoon a legal holiday. It'was a step, at least, towards the disenfran chisement of the toiler from the long daily routine of toil. It was an earnest of what the civilization of this century should bring. But in less than a year from the day the law was passed another bill repealing it was presented to the Legislature, and so strong were the exertions of the monopolists and oppressors of labor in forcing it forward that the case of the workers seemed hopeless. It was then that THE EVENTED WORLD came to the resone, and as the people's champion brought its guns to ear on the enemy.

The battle was savage and prolonged. The per's bright young men, armed with peti-ms urging that the half holiday be unmosere sent overywhere. The same poti-

printed in THE EVENING WORLD. Thousands of names were obtained, and armed with them a representative was sent to Albany. It was the biggest list ever seen by the Legislature, more than 32,000 signatures being attached to the petition.

But the opposing influence was too great, and in spite of the gallant fight of THE EVEN-ING WORLD and Senator Edward F. Reilly, its able coadjutor, the bill passed the Legislature. good fights were won and the victories This was a check, but not a defeat. The bill must be signed by the Governor before becoming a law. Once more THE EVENING WORLD girded itself for battle, Another petition, with 20,000 signatures, was obtained and was argued by THE EVENING WORLD.

On Aug. 8 the Repeal bill was vetoed and the Half-Holiday law remained undisturbed. The battle was hard fought, but the cause was just, and thousands were the letters received by THE EVENING WORLD blessing it for the part it took.

THE PREE LECTURE BILL.

Originated and Successfully Urged by "The Evening World."



was not satisfied with this achievement. It was the people's friend, and to benefit the people was and ever will be its aim. There were many wageworkers too old or too proud to attend the Evening High School. There

were many things that they yearned to know. Comprehensive books were beyond their reach. They saw the electric lights but only vaguely understood its origin. They heard the telephone, but could not comprehend its mechanism. These people were enutled to education, and THE EVENING WORLD determined that they should have the opportunity for it. A bill was prepared, and Senator Really.

always ready to help where the people's interests are concerned, laid it before the Senate. It provided for a course of free lectures nightly in every ward in this city. Intelligent lecturers would comprehensively explain the marvels of nature and advancement of science. A young man could take his sweetheart to a pleasing entertainment and return home with the proud feeling of having improved his mind as well as having passed an enjoyable evening. THE EVENING WORLD Free Lecture bill was passed by the Senate on March 29, by the Assembly on May 2, and became a law on June 12.

The securing of lecturers and the subjects were left to the Board of Education, in whose charge are all other arrangements. More than two hundred competent lecturers have already been picked out and almost everything is in readiness for the lectures, which will soon begin.

THE JOKE CONTEST.

Tournament of Would-Be Humorists With Bill Nye as Judge.



THE EVENING WORLD for a prize of \$25 for the most original joke was opened July 30. with Mr. Bill Nye as judge. The jokes submitted were large in number, over five thousand being received from all over

the country. As Judge Nye observed: ' People who had not joked for seventy.

five years sat up in bed and wrote something for the contest. Young people neglected their teething in order to compose jokes. Antiquarians came forward with rare things they had found at Herculaneum and lying around in the waste-paper baskets of the mound-builders."

In quality the jokes were certainly not all that could be desired. A very large proportion of the good jokes were not original, and many of the original ones were not good. The competition proved that it is easier to read a good joke than to write one. On Sept. 29 Judge Nye awarded the prize to Master Raymond E. Kidder, of 206 East Eighteenth street, a budding humorist of the age of n ne.

THE RESCUE OF JOSIE SHEPHARD.

How an Exiled Orphan Was " Called Back" to His Relatives.



was never more moved to sympa hy than by the pitiable story of the exiled orphan, prisoners. Josie Shephard. On Grandma Shephard. A careful investigation

showed that red-tape charity and official negligence were responsible for an atrocity, dmost incredible at this stage of the Nineteenth Century. The injustice of banishing this seven-year-old lad to the hard lot of an indentured apprentice in far-away Illinois, against the protests of friends and relatives

not so much to itself as to the people. They | tion, with a blank space underneath it, was able and anxious to care for him, was evident | prise, was also a blow struck in the people's from the plain and ungarnished statement of facts.

was manifest from the hundreds of letters re- in rooting out this evil. ceived during the agitation. Little children wrote that they prayed for Josie's return every night. Several bold spirits were anxious to organize a kidnapping expedition to bring him home.

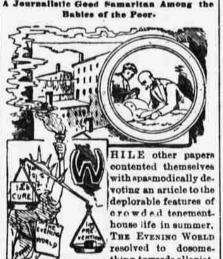
After due examination into all the facts, THE EVENING WORLD registered the public promise that the boy should be returned. It fought obdurate officials, in the courts, and forced a disclosure of the Juvenile Asylum's records. On the strength of elaborate affidavits, it urged the child's return to friends in this city. The Asylum Committee decided adversely on this first appeal.

But THE EVENING WORLD knows no such word as fail. For over six weeks one of its ablest representatives was employed in quietly working up another phase of the sase. Josie's uncle, John Shephard, jr., of Rochester, was anxious to adopt and educate the boy. A veritable mountain of evidence was secured, showing Mr. Shephard's excellent character and ability to care for his nephew. The Mayor of Rochester, the charitable societies of the locality, judges, lawyers, clergymen and scores of leading citizens took a personal interest in the case and lent their testimony. On Sept. 17 this evidence was laid before the Asylum Committee. Its conclusiveness was admitted. and the exiled Josie was ordered to be returned to his relatives, and Grandma Shephard's heart danced for joy.

Justice and the cause of humanity had triumphed. THE EVENING WORLD had kept its promise to the letter.

"THE EVENING WORLD" PHYSICIAN.

Journalistic Good Samaritan Among Bables of the Poor.



thing towards alleviating the sad condition of affairs. It accordingly engaged Dr. Ches. N. Cox, a physician in excellent standing, to devote himself in its behalf during the torrid weeks to the gratuitous treatment of the sick

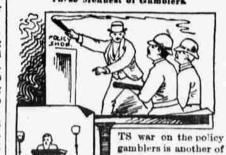
children of the poor.

The doctor began his good work July 11. Day after day he went his rounds among the abodes of poverty, and plenty of work he found to do. He gave each individual case as careful attention as could have been bestowed upon the child of wealth. Several of the city dispensaries kindly agreed to honor his prescriptions without charge when patients were too poor to pay. The manufacturers of infants' food generously donated many cases of their preparations for his use. Kind-hearted readers, touched by the tales of suffering and abject destitution printed from day to day, sent scores of bundles of lainty baby clothing for distribution.

Though one physician could cover only a small proportion of the immense field for such work in this great city, it is remarkable how much was actually accomplished by diligent effort. Dr. Cox's season closed with the last week of August, and his official report, pubished Aug. 29, showed that he had visited 562 families and treated 238 little patients. He had but three deaths to record. How many of the little ones owe their prolonged life to his treatment none can tell. The season's work was very appropriately closed with a big excursion given by THE WORLD, to which all of the wee patients, with their mothers, were invited.

THE WAR ON POLICY.

How a Salutary Lesson Has Been Taught Three Meanest of Gamblers.



THE EVENING WORLD'S battles of which it may justly be proud. The police admitted know. ing of the existence of this petty gambling, but confessed their inability to gather convicting evidence.

The policy shop is the meanest den of vice. There women and children are robbed of their pennies as well as the clerk of his salary. The Evening World was determined to fight them down. For over a month two of its brightest young men devoted their whole time to unearthing these gombling places and getting information about the men

They d scovered more than one hundred policy sho s, and obtained convicting evidence against six of the most notorious policy writers.

At the head of a squad of policemen an EVENING WORLD reporter led the raid on these most despi able of gamblers. Their doors were broken in, and the six were made

In the police court they were held, and the June 28 THE EVENING Grand Jury indicted them. Five of them, WORLD first published when arraigned for trial, seeing that their the pathetic letter of cases were hopeless, pleaded guilty, and were promptly sentenced. The sixth is now awaiting trial.

A list of more than one hundred other places was furnished by THE EVENING WORLD to the police, and the policy men admitted that for once they had been brought to a standstill.

The fight against the policy men, saids from being a great piece of newspaper enter

cause; for while the fight was raging, not only parents, but children, called and wrote, That the case touched the popular heart | thanking THE EVENING WORLD for its efforts

THE ANTI-BOBTAIL WAR.

Why the Street Juggernaut Will Sout Disappear from New York.



road companies might be compelled to put conductors on their cars. It remained for THE EVENING WORLD, however, to map out a campaign by which this result could be ac-

which the jigger rail-

complished. It held that the driver of the bobtail car being ordered by the Company to drive, make change and act the part of the con uctor, was no more responsible than the Company, and in the case of an accident the Company was equally responsible with the driver. In the case of Mrs. Levy it claimed that the directors of the Twenty-third Street Railroad Company were as guilty of manslaughter as was the driver of the car that killed her. The law was carefully looked up, and finding that once more it could strike a blow in the peo ple's cause. The Evening World pushed the case. It was ably sided by Coroner Messemer.

In spite of the protests of the Company's nany counsel and the taking of the case to the Supreme Court, Coroner Messemer's jury brought in a verdict holding the directors responsible for Mrs. Levy's death. This and the concentrated attack against the sestem of conductorless cars brought the Company to its senses, and it has pledged itself to abolish the bobtail car entirely from its tracks. And this is one more victory added to THE EVENING WORLD's long record.

ABOVE ALL A NEWSPAPER.

Record of Some of "The Evening World's" News Achievements. Above all a newspaper.

That has been the spirit of THE EVENING WORLD from the first day of its publication. Animated by this spirit, it has gone through this first year of its existence in a way which has brought it distinction both for the broadness of its policy in the pursuit of news and for the originality of its methods,

Indeed, in its originality, as well as its completeness of resource, is found the key to the paper's phenomenal success and its growth in popular esteem.

Up to the time that THE E VENING WORLD made its appearance in the field, no afternoon journal in New York had been con ducted upon the true journalistic principle of giving not only the news, but all the news. This was for lack of disciplined forces to gather and serve the news matter in the time allowed for the work each day, that time being of necessity much more limited. with afternoon journals than in the case of the morning publications.

The new paper very speedily began to show its strength in this respect. It has continued to do so up to this happy day of its first anniversary, and the strength has grown with its well-directed exercise. The Eveniso World has been a complete paper for itself every day, with its own

paper for itself every day, with its own stories worked up by its own corps of intelligent and indefairable reporters.

In no case has the paper's completeness of work i cen better illustrated than in the matter of William R. Fo-ter, jr.'s swindling operations with the Produce Exchange Gratuity Fund. The disclosures attending this case formed in the first place a splendid news beat for The Evening World There the details were gathered by a specially assigned force of reporters larger than the whole staff of most of the paper's afternoon contemporaries.

contemporaries,
The result was a story so complete that when the morning papers came to the case they found the ground all covered and could only enlarge upon what had already been This was a reversal of the established order

of things in New York newspaper work.

But if The Evening Works were to launch itself upon a narration of the news beats and scoops which have marked its course all scoops which have marked its course all through the y-ar, its columns to-day would contain little else.

Mentioned without regard to chronological order, the scoop in the Foster case, just referred to, stands perhaps at the head of the list.

Other news beats, selected at random from

The Evening World files, which teem with them, have been these:

The \$5,800 robberv from the Bank of the Republic, Blaine's letter on Cieveland in the American Majazine, the schedule of the National Baseball League games as arranged at tional Baseball League games as arranged at the Winter meeting, first sory in America of the great Mitchell-Sullivan fight at Chantilly and of many sub-equent developments con-cerning that affair, the startling accident at Roosevelt Hospital, when a patient was wheeled into the open elevator shaft; Mr. Powderly's decision in the case of Quinn and District Assembly 49, the first announcement of New York's manimous choice of Thurman of New York's unanimous choice of Thurma for se ond place on the National ticket; the clearing up of the Alice Hoyle murder mys-tery; the story of Edwin Booth's projected \$135,000 home for actors; the marriage of Liltan Hamers ey and the Duke of Marl-Lilian Hamers ey and the Duke of Marlbrough; flist news of the big fire at the Unio Square Thea re; first-tory of the deah of Broker Nathaniel W. Hatch at the residence of Mrs. Scofied; first report of Gaudatr and M. Kay's victory over Teemer and Hamm on Saratoga Lake; first news of the k Iran-Smatn, Dempssy-Reagan and Havhn-Murphy fights, and of many others of lesser importance; first and bes story of the fire and loss of life at 197 Bowery; first report of the -inking of the steamship Geiser, in collision with the Thingvalla where over one ision with the Thingvalla where over one hand ed lives were lost; first report of the death of Bridge-jumper Larry Donovan at Chasing Cross; first ann-uncement of the presence of ye low fever in the c.tv. in Prof. Proctor's case, first news of the destruction of the steamer Bay Rid e, first news of the knighting of John Thompson by Queen Victoria for his action on the fish treaty; first story of the absconding of Bookkeeper J. f. Van Loan, of the Second National Bank of

ompletely outstripped.

Van Loan, of the Second National Bank of Jersey City; first announcement of Gov. Hill's calling of a special legislative session July 17; expose of clarvoyant fortune tellers, devotees of 'Block Art;" first news of the Brooklyn Navy-Yard conspiracy disclosures; first announcement of Chiara Cignarale's commutation

Not mentioned at all in the brief list thus given are the records made in other matters of news where lealous contemporaries were news where jealous contemporaries were

at the St. Louis and Chicago Conventions; political wit. The Evening World's stereso the paper was able to present, not only a vivid and connected story of the proceedings in both those great bodies, but by its bulletin system to give the wa ting multitudes in New York all the important events right on the instant of their occurrence. In this it was far ahead of any ontemporary.

Blaine's arrival from Europe formed another chance for the exhibition of the highest type of newspaper enterprise, and through other chance for the exhibition of the highest type of newspaper enterprise, and through all the affair, including every detail of the reception, the trouble at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and everything connected with the occasion, The Evenino World was at the front with its complete and graphic story.

When the New York Baseball Club took the lead in the League and started on the career which has led it to the championship, The Evenino World's Sporting Extra first announced the fact and was the only paper to announce it in the very day of its taking place.

OUR CONVENTION BULLETIN SERVICE.

Wire from the Convention Platform



A staff representative of the paper was de tailed to the Convention for the sole purpose of arranging a quick and accurate bulletin service.

pneumatic tube which ran to a special Postal Telegraph wire. This wire was directly connected with THE EVENING WORLD ed torial rooms, where a copy of each bulletin was taken for the composing-room and the circuit extended to a blackboard in front of THE WORLD office, where an operator copied the same bulletin at the same moment for the benefit of the multitude which was eagerly waiting for the news.

Every important action of the Convention was thus displayed before the crowd almost simultaneous with its occurence. This was a feat which has never before been accom plished by a New York newspaper.

How Studious Habits Have Been Encour

aged in the Public Schools.



Man Manual Manua HE establishment of free lectures, however, was not the only effort f THE EVENING World in the cause of education. It has established in its columns a Roll of Honor. on which appear the

names of the pupils primary classes of our public schools. The list appears every Saturday, and the bright scholar who stands at the head of his class has the proud satisfaction of seeing that his freely and fearlessly by all, for it is perfectly barmle

efforts do not go by unrecognized. Its beneficial effects have been universally acknowledged by the teachers, who say that since its establishment they have noticed a marked improvement among their charges. A proper spirit of emulation has thus been established among these little seekers for to them in their struggle with the world.

THE RECORD OF THE SPORTING EXTRA. A Specimen of the Liveliest Work Accou plished in Journalism.

There would be a great void in the stories of THE EVENING WORLD's first year triumphs if no mention were made of its record as a daily purveyor of news from all departments of outdoor sport. To use a highly improper but wonderfully

expressive mixture of metaphor, the young paper's Sporting Extra has outsailed, outrun and knocked out all competition in this di-

Appearing upon the streets promptly at the close of the events of greatest interest, day by day, the Extra has been eagerly sought and read by the multitude, while its bright points in news-gathering have been taken advantage of and copied by contemporaries quick to appreciate the excellencies they could not

Because baseball has been a topic uppermost in the minds of Gotham's most patriotic majority, the issuance of the Extra each day has usually followed thefinal play of the game wherein our own Giants partici-pated, and in this field, as a complete chroni-cler of the d amond's cont mugus events, The Evening World points with pardonable pride to its score.

The New York team has always figured

first in its estimation, and even when the Giants were well down in the list the paper Ginuts were well down in the list the paper stood manfully by, with its friendly word of commends ion, advice or honest criticism. Then, when the team had climbed triumphantly to the top of the League ladder, where it has since remained, The Evenno World was first to show in its columns, as it did on the very day the result was reached, that the pets of the metropolis had got their grip on the pennant. the pennant. recent presentation of a fine set of

sturdy championship of the boys who have now made themselves champions But the Giants bave not had all the attention. Brooklyn's Bridegrooms and Jersey City's skilful ball-tosse a have re eved juli

recognition, and every game on every dia-mond of more than passing interest from any cause has been the object of special notice

sporting intelligence.

Racing on waier, by sail and oar, has been followed with the same care, details and results being given where contemporary col-

nums gave weak generalizations and timid

unns gave weak generalizations and timid predictions gathered from hearsay sources far from the access of the actual contests.

In matters puglistic The Evento World has established a series of remarkable scoops over all its contemperaries.

The Kilrain-Smith encounter, the Mitchell, Sullivan match, the Reagan-Dempsey affair, the Havlin-Murphy fight—all these were first and most fully and graphically described in Extra issues of this journal. "Above all a newspaper" has been the rule in this direction, as in all others; and thus rule requires

CHICKERING HALL.

OF THE FREE COURSE OF NEW LECTURES BY DK. GRIENE, OF 35 WEST 14TH ST., NEW YORK.

The Germ Theory of Disease and Its Pres-tical Lessons—Something All Are Interested in Enowing.

Dr. Greene, the great specialist in the cure of chromic diseases, of 35 West 14th street, New York, gave the second of his new free course of magnificently files-trated lectures before a vast audience in Chickering Hall last evening. If not the most beautifully files-trated, it certainly was one of the most interesting and instructive of Dr. Greene's wonderfully entertaining lectures. Dr. Greene is a deep student of diseases and ranks

by. Greece is a deep student or diseases and manks bigh as an authority, particularly as a specialist in chronic or long-standing diseases, in the cure of which he undoubtedly stands without a rival. His long investigations among diseases naturally led him to persevering and patient researches for remedies to ours them. Seeing so much of the injurious effects and harmful results to the sick from the use of possessors drugs, he was led to study and investigate the harmless veg-table medicines found in the laboratory of nature those healing, strengthening and invigorating remedie which an all-wise Providence has so bountifully provides

which an all-wise Providence has so bountifully provided for the cure of all our ills.

The Doctor's success in the cure of disease by means of these natural medicines has been most remarkable. No other mode of treatment ever before cured so large percentage of chronic or lingering diseases. Certai no other form of treatment is so widely praised and

Fo Thunkfully Spoken of by the thousands upon thousands of sufferers who have

been cured by Dr. Greene's vegetable remedie His discoveries of the healing and restorative powers of these medicines have been remarkable. Medicines have been adapted to the treatment and cure of all the long-standing disease, who apply to him for rest from their complaints, fall to receive a cure by the use of his wonderful remedies.

One of his discoveries in medicine has become of

vorld-wide celebrity, and taken its place as the rec nized cure and standard remedy for nervous disease.
This, it need hardly be stated, is his wonderful disery known everywhere as Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic. Scarcely a drug store can be found at the present day where sufferers from nervous diseases cannot obtain this marvellous remedy, for it is recognized by all-physicians, druggists, and the people alike-as the

There is no other known remedy which is applicable to so great a number and to so varied kinds of symp-toms and conditions as Dr. Greene's Nervura Nervo Tonic. This is because it is a true nerve remedy—a restorer of nerve force, an invigorator of nerve poand a builder up of nerve, strength and energy. It is an acknowledged fact that a very large proportion of the diseases which afflict humanity are of a nervous character, or at least have their foundation in a weekmed, exhausted, or enervated condition of the perveue system. This readily explains, therefore, why this won derful discovery of Dr. Greene so quickly and perfectly pures almost every person who uses it. It effects ourse because it goes directly to the cause of the disease; that is, the weakened and exhausted perve power. By thus removing weakness and restoring tone, vitality and strength to the tired brain and worn-out nerves, a same ure is always the result.

mands of people need this valuable remedy who rould find its marvelious powers

Just What They Require restore health, if they had the good sense to go to eir nearest drug store and purchase for one dollar this giver of renewed life and strength. Thousan

languish under nervous and physical weaknesses which can be easily and readily cured by the use of this medi-It is just what the brain-tired banker, merchant or business man needs to restore the strength and activ of the brain, and remove those nervous sensation which result from overwork or strain of brain and nerve. It is exactly what is needed by the youth, studens, clerk or workman who has worn out his nervous vitality and exhausted his nerve powers by too close confine-

ment, overwork or dissipation. It is the tonic and restorative needed by middle-aged and old men to recuperate their exhausted vital powers standing highest in the | and give vigor and energy to their nerves.

It is what weak, tired and nervous women must have if they would recover health, strength and vitality, They are overworked, eleepless, exhausted alike in nervo and body, run down from worry, bereavements or other strain upon their perves and constitutions, and they can find in this remedy the only certain and sure cure. Young girls, weak and nervous children, irritable and restless infants can be readily restored to a healthy condition of nerve strength and wital power by the use of this truly wonderful nerve remedy. It may be used

We feel that too great a degree of praise cannot be bewisdom which will be of inestimable benefit to them in their struggle with the world.

such wondrous powers of restoring health as Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic is so rare in this work

that the sick and suffering everywhere should be told of its great and marvellous merits. In this way all who need its curative virtues can have restored to them That Greatest of All Blessings,

ealth. It can be obtained at any drug store for one dollar per bottle.

It may be here stated also that while this is doubtless the best known of Dr. Greene's remedies, it is no less a fact that his other medicines for the many and varied forms of chronic diseases are equally successful in effecting cures, as thousands upon thousands of sufferers who have been restored to perfect and permanent health and strength by their use can testify. Dr. Greene can be consuited by those who have need of his great skill and health-giving medicines absolutely free. Consultation and advice, personally or by letter, are in all case free of charge, the only cost to be cured being for the medicines which are required. The Doctor's office is also 35 West 14th st., New York, and his effice hours are from 2 A. M. to 2 P. M. daily; Sundays, 2 A. M. to 12 M. All are welcome, and no one who is suffering from any form of chronic disease need hesitate to call for examination and advice. Dr. Greene's new book, "Facts Worth Knowing," will be mailed free to any address.

This evening at 8 o'closs Dr. Greene will deliver in

Chickering Hall a new free private lecture to gen only on the Philosophy of Manhood. This is an absolutely new private lecture for gentlemen, never before delivered, and is of the highest possible interest, being upon those great questions which are of the most vital importance to man. The lecture will be illustrated by the stereopticon. Admission is free, and we should by all means advise gentlemen to attend, promising them that they will not be disappointed. This afternoon at S that they will not be disappointed. This alternoon as o'clock there will be a free private lecture to ladies only, illustrated by the stereopticon. Admission is free, and those who desire to know about their physical condition in health and disease should not miss this valuable

Italy's Queen as a Mountain Climber. The Queen of Italy spent the last fortnight of

ugust at Courmayeur, which is a lavorite resort of Her Majesty. During her stay she distinguished her-eif as an Alpine tourist, making five considerable mountain secure within ten d.ys. Accompaned by two of her ladis and a chamberish, with servants and godes, Queen Margarei first seconded count Cramont, which is over \$5,000 feethich, and read say were up inc Combal as far as the take, which is at a helbit of ne riv 5,700 feet. I'wo days later she make the asce t of alound S.x., a fathruing climb of elight hours; and next day accended count Chelif, 9,500 feet high. The most selous expectation was the sacend of Mount Géant, while files to over 11,000 feet. The first 7,0.0 feet were accomplished in maxification weather; then a storm arose, which speedly passed into a horr cane of show. The vistors at Courmayent watched with paintni anxiety the m vements of the little caravan all ties with ropes, a they became hidden from view by the whiriwind of show. It was a great least when two mothar shots announce: their arrival at the Pavillon Cr. tes. Here the Queen passed the night in a mis-rabel little room; she determiled next morning to proceed in spite of the weather, and reached the summ t. She arrived back at Courmayeur by 6 o'clock in the evening, and the jubilation of the little community. her elf as an Alpine tourist, making five consider-

The Famous Canvas-Back.

(From the Boston Revald.)
A game-dealer in Philadelphia has received an order from Prince Besmarck for a dozen pairs of the first cenvas-back docks that come to market. A similar order has been re ceived from Wilkie Collins, and other English exteures, like Heary Irving keep a sharp eye out for these succulous birds from the Chesapeake. No country in the world can match either these birds or some of the other specimens tha are the prey of our sportamen. Wilkie Collins is said to have written his best novel on the inspiration furnished by Rew Jarseg snipe. order from Prince Bismarck for a dozen pairs of th

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Magnificent newspaper work was done by THE EVENING WORLD'S special representatives (Continued on Third Page.)

ary, when the record was gallantly broken by Jimmie Alberts, The Evening World, through its regular and its extra editions presented a continued and unparalleled story of the great contest, from its beginning to its close. The executions of Danny Driscoll and Danny Lyons were two other events of the journal's first year in which it scored undeniable triumphs as a news gatherer and a newshaper. It was, in each case, the first paper to appear upon the street with an actual report of the execution and its methods of accomplishing this result obtained a wide notice, from their ingenuity and effectiveness. The executions of Danny Driscoll and

At the six days' walking match, in Febru-

tained a wide notice, from their ingenuity and effectiveness.

That the public appreciated the efforts of the paper and the results accomplished has been evidenced by the steadily growing circulation of The Evenno World and its rapid assage from the experimental state to the condition of an established unit in journalism.

nalism.

Of course, with this, as with all newspapers, there have been the daily fluctuations of circulation, but through all of them there has been the element of growth, placing the paper each day upon a more solid basis of popular support.

Recognition of its especially prompt and good pieces of journalistic enterprise has told bravely in the circulation for certain days.

days. On Jan. 23, 1888, when the hanging of Dris-coll took place, 145,779 copies of the paper

March 9 and 10, two days when interest in the Sullivan-Mitchell fight in France was at

the Sullivan-Mitchell fight in France was at its height, the sales came up to 142,439 and 155,640, respectively.

Aug. 21, the date of the Lyons execution, the sales climbed up to the splendid total of 174,429, and this in the face of a damp, dismal day, which kept thousands of people from the streets.

These are only scattering records, picked here and there from the books of the delivery department. The sales by editions and by grand tota's, day by day, have presented all through the year the assurance, gratifying indeed to those who have worked to win it, that the people appreciate substantially the that the people appreciate substantially the paper printed in the people's best interests.

THOSE POLICE CAPTAINS' STORIES. A Unique Series of Novelties That the Town



most interesting and of stories written exclusively for its columns by the Police Captains of this city. The stories were records of the most striking experiences of prominent precinct commanders, and which they had met with in their line of

official duty. Never was the adage that "truth is stranger than fiction more strikingly exemplified than in this series of remmiscences. The stories dealt with some of the most

morable cases in the metropolis, and derived a unique interest from the fact that the authors were officially concerned in tracing them. The stories were widely read and were the talk of the town for several months. Besides present precinct commanders, Supt. Murray and Inspectors Steers, Williams, Byrnes and Conlin contributed stories. The portrait of the writer was printed with each story, and, in many instances, fac similes of their signs-

THE EVENING WORLD'S" STEREOPTICON. Perhaps the Most Novel Feature of Recen



opticon deserves men-WORLD tion. The idea of producing in the columns of a newspaper the unique effect of a stereopticon and its panoramic can-

vas had never before been attempted in any news aper ever published. The mechanical difficulties seemed inseperable. But THE EVENING WORLD's clever artists successfully surmounted them, and on Sept. 14, our stereopti on man took up his pos tion at the left of the page and cat his pungent sayings, political hits and taking cartoons on every column. The scheme attracted widespread attention, and brought many notices and report

one imentary of its originality and effectiveness.

The stereopticon man has been under strict injunctions to hit folly as it flies, to

strict injunctions to hit folly as it flies, to screen no fraud, but to blazen his epigrams and cartoons in entirely independent fashion. And though the old gentleman has always given his show for one cent with the rest of the paper thrown in, he has made it the most effective and most quoted stereopticon of the campaign. One of our up-country contemporaries thus notices the exhibition : "The brightest, sharpest and pithiest things said during this campaign are the legends blazoned daily on the screen of THE EVENING World stereoption man. They are the essence of political wisdem and the extract of

corded during the Republican National Convention at Chicago las He had a seat in Convention Hall next to a

THE ROLL OF HONOR.